SECTION III	- PHYSICAL DATA	
COILING POINT: 175°F	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	0.86
/AP DENSITY (AIR=1): HEAVIER	% VOLATILE BY VOLUME	100%
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Negligible	EVAPORATION RATE:	FASTER
VAPOR PRESSURE @ 20°C	(BUTYL ACETATE = 1)	
, SECTION IV - FIRE AN	D EXPLOSIVE HAZARD DATA	1
FLASH POINT: 20°F TCC LEL:	1.05 % by Volume	UEL: 10.0 % By Volume
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, Dry Chemical, CO ² and/or Water F	Fog	
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:		
open flames. Closed containers may burst when exposed to between the upper and lower explosive limits. SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full emergency equipment fire fighters.		
SECTION V - H	IEALTH HAZARD DATA	
Inhalation: Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches a Innestion: Damage to throat and esophagus, vomitting and	l diarrhea.	
EDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: Asthm.	a, respiratory trac† irritati	on, dermatitis. Kidney
and liver problems, conjunctivitis.		· •
RIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Dermal, inhalation, ingestion.	•	
MERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:		
Eye Contact: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 mi		• .
Skin Contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. See a Inhalation Over Exposure: Move person to fresh air. If b immediate medical attention.	reathing stops, apply artific	
Ingestion: Do not induce vomitting. Can cause chemical p	neumonitis and pulmonary eder	na. Contact physician immediately.
THER HEALTH HAZARDS: EFFECTS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE:		
EYES: Blurred vision. Conjunctivitis. SKIN: Sensitizati	on, dermatitis. INHALATION:	Asthma-like symptoms.
Central nervous system effects. INGESTION: Damage to thr	roat. Possible kidney and live	er impairment.
	2	
SECTION VI -	REACTIVITY DATA	
ACILITY: Stable		
AZECTOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.		
NZAPDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:		

CMDITIONS TO AVOID:

Excessive heat, poor ventilation. Corrosive atmosphere, excessive aging, sparks and open flames.

Carbon menekide; carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, various nydrocarbon and acrid fumes.